Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2020

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 4B in the notes to financial statements, on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of COVID-19 ("Coronavirus"). Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2020 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* for the year ended June 30, 2020 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2020.

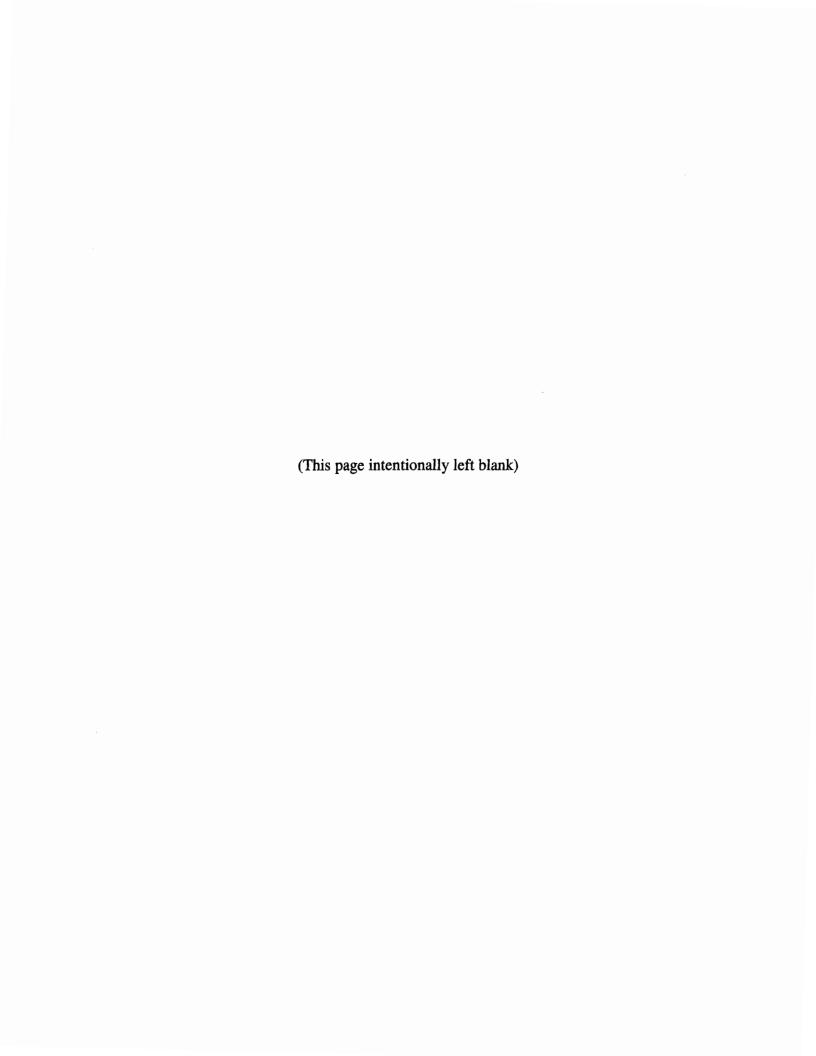
We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2019 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2020 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York September 30, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2020

This discussion and analysis of the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York's ("School District") financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights for FY 2019-2020

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019-2020 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of unassigned fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,009,750. This amount is equal to 4.27% of the subsequent year's budget.
- The School District's governmental fund financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$8,674,525, an increase in fund balance of \$175,669. This is due to the requirement to record expenditures in the capital projects fund in the year incurred and revenues when permanent financing is in place. The General Fund fund balance totals \$7,378,179. Of this amount, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is \$2,009,750. This amount is available for spending at the discretion of the School District.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of the School District exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$32,242,971. Of this amount, the unrestricted portion is (\$67,471,432). The School District's total net position decreased by \$6,752,155 for the year ended June 30, 2020. This is due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")". More detailed information is presented in Note 3D to the financial statements.
- The following were noteworthy factors in the revenues and expenditures being different than budgeted:
 - The receipt of unanticipated tuitions created a budget surplus of \$240,748
 - The increase in sales tax income resulting from a higher sales tax rates implemented in Westchester County created a budget surplus of \$184,550
 - A decrease in State Aid receipts resulted in a budget deficit of \$767,022
 - School building closures in March due to the COVID-19 pandemic contributed to central services costs and pupil transportation costs being lower than budgeted. Savings were realized in contract security, contract custodial and maintenance, and contract transportation.
 - Payment of tax certiorari refunds from the reserves are not included in the budget.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) District-wide financial statements; (2) Fund financial statements; and (3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-wide Financial Statements

- The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.
- The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the School District's net
 position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are
 reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of
 the timing of related cash flows.
- The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, community services, cost of food sales, other, interest, and general support.

The District-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources
 that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like
 other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate
 compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District
 can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as
 governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the
 district-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable
 resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in
 evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

- The School District maintains five individual governmental funds: General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund and Special Purpose Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Capital Projects, and Special Aid funds, since the School District has elected to report them as major funds. Combining information for the non-major funds can be found elsewhere in this report.
- The School District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.
- The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the district-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the required supplementary information for the School District's other postemployment and pension benefit obligations, the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

District-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position. In the case of Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York, the liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$32,242,971 at the close of the current fiscal year.

Net Assets

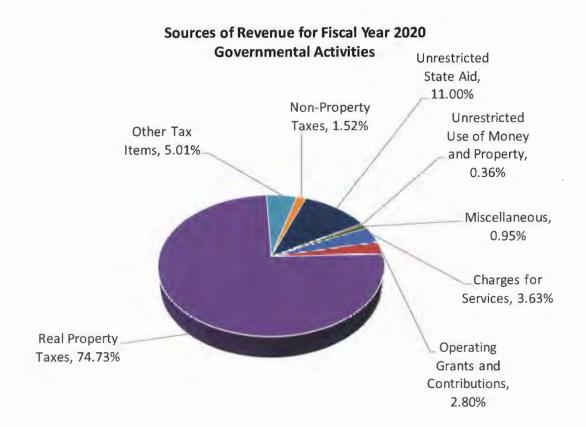
	June 30,				
	2020	2019			
Current Assets Capital Assets	\$ 15,374,157 42,867,228	\$ 14,795,876 44,722,868			
Total Assets	58,241,385	59,518,744			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,531,279	12,951,898			
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	3,264,152 92,932,525	3,969,599 85,346,473			
Total Liabilities	96,196,677	89,316,072			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,818,958	8,645,386			
Net Assets: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital Projects	28,831,848 1,116,395	28,661,094 27,605			
Tax Certiorari Retirement System Contributions	3,925,807 726,944	4,073,084 726,944			
Unemployment Benefits Future Capital Projects	123,083 52,493	123,083 1,752,493			
Debt Service Special Purposes Unrestricted	406,679 45,212 (67,471,432)	406,679 48,382 (61,310,180)			
Officatificted	(01,411,432)	(01,010,100)			
Total Net Assets	\$ (32,242,971)	\$ (25,490,816)			

By far, the largest component of the School District's net assets is its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The increase in the current and non-current liabilities is attributable to the increase in Other Post-Employment Benefits and the Net Pension Liability.

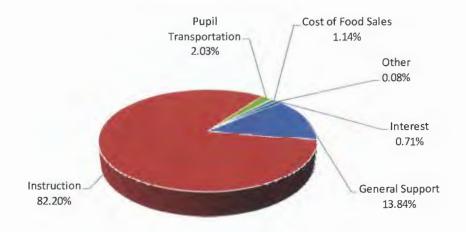
Changes in Net Assets

	June 30,					
	2020	2019				
REVENUES						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,744,845	\$ 2,007,627				
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,346,932	1,469,768				
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	157,082				
·						
Total Program Revenues	3,091,777	3,634,477				
-						
General Revenues:						
Real Property Taxes	35,967,062	34,247,034				
Other Tax Items	2,412,140	3,068,547				
Non-Property Taxes	734,550	559,532				
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	175,141	291,713				
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	-	6,082				
Unrestricted State Aid	5,294,587	4,186,278				
Miscellaneous	457,045	87,299				
Total General Revenues	45,040,525	42,446,485				
Total Revenues	48,132,302	46,080,962				
PROGRAM EXPENSES:						
General Support	7,598,371	6,849,118				
Instruction	45,112,504	40,515,550				
Pupil Transportation	1,113,922	1,369,201				
Community Services	45,703	-				
Cost of Food Sales	623,529	830,104				
Other	3,200	2,300				
Interest	387,228	573,631				
Total Expenses	54,884,457	50,139,904				
Change in Net Position	(6,752,155)	(4,058,942)				
Net Position - Beginning	(25,490,816)	(21,431,874)				
Net Postion - Ending	\$ (32,242,971)	\$ (25,490,816)				

Governmental activities decreased the School District's net assets by \$6,752,155. Primarily as a result of the reporting of GASB Statement No. 75 – OPEB. As indicated on the following graphs, the School District relies upon property taxes as its primary revenue source. The School District's instructional costs account for 82% of its expenses.



Expenses for Fiscal Year 2020 Governmental Activities



Fund Balance Reporting

It is noteworthy to report that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions in February 2009. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 54 were effective for financial statements for periods ending June 30, 2011; therefore they are continued in this report. GASB Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaces them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

<u>Nonspendable</u> – consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and principal of endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year, and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

Note: According to the Office of the State Comptroller, school districts in New York will not have committed fund balance to report.

<u>Assigned</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. This pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,674,525. The fund balance is made up as follows:

Non-Spendable	\$	10,134
Restricted		6,483,401
Assigned		171,240
Unassigned		2,009,750
	<u> </u>	
	\$	8,674,525

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,378,179, of which \$2,009,750 or 4.27% of the ensuing year's budget was unassigned. As previously mentioned, New York State Law limits the amount of unassigned fund balance that can be retained to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget.

The final budget of the General Fund anticipated that the fund balance would remain the same during 2019-2020. However, the general fund balance actually decreased by \$875,866.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget total expenditures, inclusive of transfers and other financing uses which included prior year encumbrances, was \$46,482,888. This differed from the final amended budget of \$46,735,145 by \$252,257. This difference is attributable to increases for the use of the Reserve for Tax Certiorari to pay tax refunds, and the use of the Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability to pay for accrued leave for retired employees.

Total Fund Balance Classifications

GASB Statement No. 54 Classification	Previous Classifications	Fı	Fund Balance		
Nonspendable Fund Balance	Inventories	\$	10,134		
Restricted Fund Balance	Reserved for Tax Certiorari Reserved for Employee Benefit		3,925,807		
	Accrued Liability		86,788		
	Reserved for Retirement Contributions		726,944		
	Reserved for Debt Service		406,679		
	Reserved for Trust (Special Purpose Fund)		45,212		
	Reserved for Unemployment Benefits		123,083		
	Reserved for Future Capital Projects		1,168,888		
			6,483,401		
Assigned Fund Balance	Reserved for Encumbrances - General				
· ·	Government Support		7,685		
	Reserved for Encumbrances - Instruction		38,950		
	School Lunch Fund Unreserved Fund Balance		124,605		
			171,240		
Unassigned Fund Balance	Unassigned:				
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	General Fund		2,009,750		
Total Fund Balance	(as of June 30, 2020)	\$	8,674,525		

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the School District had capital assets of \$42,867,228 net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, improvements other than buildings, buildings and improvements and machinery and equipment.

	June 30,						
Class	2020	2019					
Land Construction-in-Progress	\$ 85,950 609,898	\$ 85,950					
Buildings and Improvements	38,298,497	40,140,658					
Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment	3,276,551 596,332	3,449,761 1,046,499					
Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 42,867,228	\$ 44,722,868					

The increase in Construction-in-Progress during the current fiscal year results from the activity related to the start of work for the 2019 Capital Projects.

More detailed information about the School District's capital assets is presented in Note 3B to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2020 the School District had \$92,932,525 in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding, as follows:

	June 30,					
		2020		2019		
Bonds Payable	\$	13,635,000	\$	15,499,145		
Plus: Unamortized Premium on Bonds		15,249		76,260		
Energy Performance Contract Payable		409,060		606,009		
Compensated Absences		303,663		289,091		
Net Pension Liability		2,348,296		648,320		
Other Post Employment						
Benefit Obligations Payable		76,221,257		68,227,648		
Total	\$	92,932,525	\$	85,346,473		

\$2,121,960 out of this balance of \$92,932,525 is due within one year. More detailed information about the School District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3D to the financial statements.

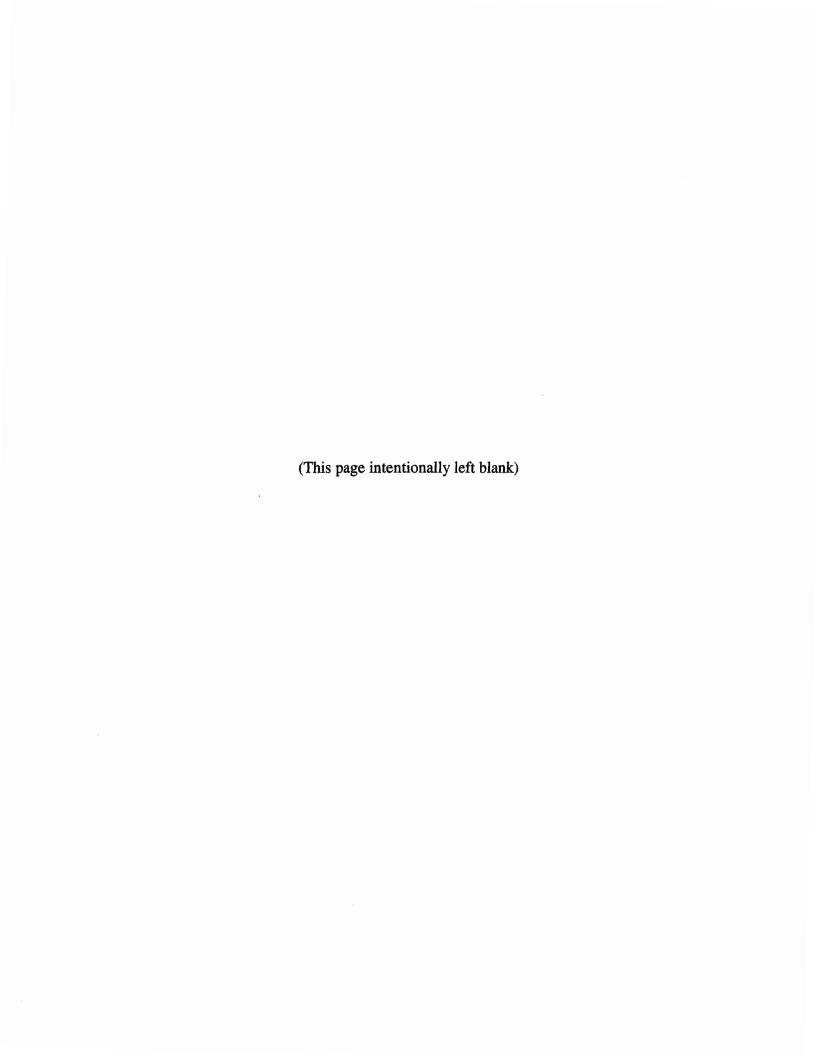
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest in the School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District
Attn: Ron Clamser, Jr.
Assistant Superintendent for Finance, Facilities & Operations
505 Broadway
Dobbs Ferry, NY 10522

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governme Activitie			
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	5,409,832 4,438,924		
Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments		100,628 1,541,220 418,963		
Inventories		10,134 3,454,456		
Capital assets Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net		695,848 42,171,380		
Total Assets		58,241,385		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		16,531,279		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		716,753 26,659		
Due to other governments		35,839		
Due to retirement systems		2,320,208		
Unearned revenues		145,717		
Accrued interest payable		18,976		
Non-current liabilities				
Due within one year		2,121,960		
Due in more than one year		90,810,565		
Total Liabilities		96,196,677		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10,818,958		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		28,831,848		
Restricted Conital projects		1,116,395		
Capital projects Tax certiorari		3,925,807		
Unemployment benefits		123,083		
ERS retirement contributions		676,944		
TRS retirement contributions		50,000		
Debt service		406,679		
Future capital projects		52,493		
Special purposes		45,212		
Unrestricted		(67,471,432)		
Total Net Position	\$	(32,242,971)		



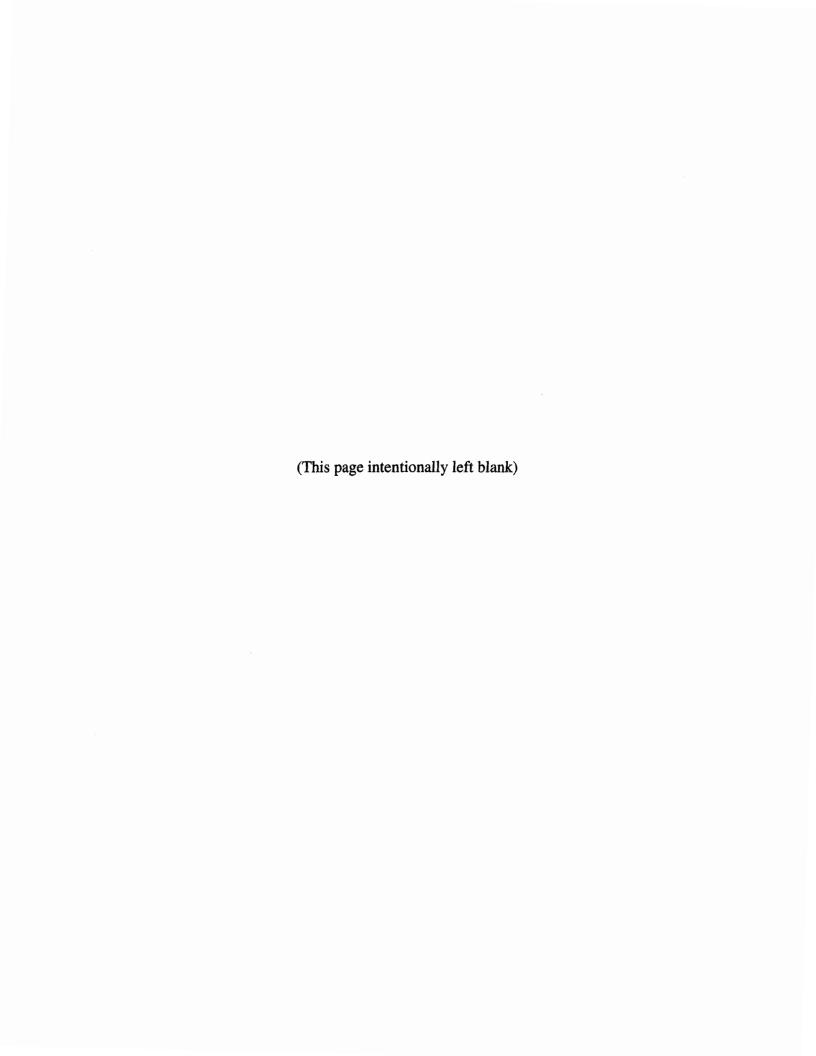
Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Progran	N	et (Expense)		
			Operating			Revenue and		
Francisco d'Occasione		-	(Charges for Grants and Contributions			Changes in	
Functions/Programs		Expenses				ontributions	Net Position	
General support	\$	7,598,371	\$	8,494	\$	796	\$	(7,589,081)
Instruction		45,112,504		1,313,748		1,179,265		(42,619,491)
Pupil transportation		1,113,922		-		-		(1,113,922)
Community services		45,703		-		-		(45,703)
Cost of food sales		623,529		422,603		166,841		(34,085)
		3,200		-		30		(3,170)
Interest		387,228						(387,228)
Total Governmental								
Activities	\$	54,884,457	\$	1,744,845	\$	1,346,932		(51,792,680)
	Gei	neral revenues						
	F	Real property tax	ĸes					35,967,062
		Other tax items	f rais	nh. room ont				2 252 242
		School tax relie						2,353,242 58,898
		Bisected proper lon-property tax	-	xes				50,090
		Non-property tax		tribution from	Соп	ntv		734,550
		Inrestricted use				•		175,141
		Inrestricted Stat			, 00, 1,			5,294,587
		liscellaneous						457,045
		Total General	Reve	enues				45,040,525
		Change in Net	Posi	tion				(6,752,155)
	Net	Position - Begi	nning	J				(25,490,816)
	Net	Position - Endi	ng				\$	(32,242,971)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

400570	 General	 Capital Projects	 Special Aid
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 5,238,303 4,428,405	\$ 28,414 10,519	\$ 97,778 -
Accounts State and Federal aid	40,257 812,715 418,963	-	52,788 693,820
Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories	 1,062,231	 1,700,000	- - -
Total Assets	\$ 12,000,874	\$ 1,738,933	\$ 844,386
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 403,612 26,017	\$ 149,918 -	\$ 141,555 642
Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues	1,837,207 35,651 2,320,208	 472,620 - - - -	 589,611 - - 112,578
Total Liabilities	4,622,695	622,538	 844,386
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	5,321,794 46,635 2,009,750	 1,116,395 - -	- - - -
Total Fund Balances	 7,378,179	 1,116,395	 -
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 12,000,874	\$ 1,738,933	\$ 844,386

Non-Major Governmental		Total Governmental Funds		
\$	45,337 -	\$ 5,409,832 4,438,924		
	7,583 34,685	100,628 1,541,220 418,963		
	137,207 10,134	 2,899,438 10,134		
\$	234,946_	\$ 14,819,139		
-				
\$	21,668	\$ 716,753		
	-	26,659 2,899,438		
	188	35,839		
	33,139	2,320,208 145,717		
	54,995	6,144,614		
	10,134 45,212 124,605 -	10,134 6,483,401 171,240 2,009,750		
	179,951	8,674,525		
	170,001	 0,07.1,020		
\$	234,946	\$ 14,819,139		



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 8,67	4,525
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	42,86	37,228
Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) and other post employment benefit obligations whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Deferred loss on refunding bonds	2	23,929
Deferred amounts on net pension assets (liabilities)	7,43	37,771
Deferred amounts on other post employment benefits	(1,74	9,379)
	5,71	2,321
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension asset	3,45	4,456
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable	•	8,976)
Bonds payable	• •	0,249)
Energy performance contract debt payable	•	9,060)
Compensated absences	•	3,663)
Net pension liability	• •	8,296)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	(76,22	<u>(1,257)</u>
	(92,95	1,501)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (32,24	2,971)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 General	 Capital Projects	 Special Aid
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$ 35,967,062	\$ -	\$ -
Other tax items	2,412,140	-	-
Non-property taxes	734,550	-	-
Charges for services	1,313,748	-	-
Use of money and property	183,635	-	-
State aid	5,449,562	-	214,645
Federal aid	85,483	-	640,608
Food sales Miscellaneous	457,84 <u>1</u>	 -	 83,554
Total Revenues	46,604,021	 -	 938,807
EXPENDITURES Current			
General support	4,851,433	-	-
Instruction	27,267,273	_	992,161
Pupil transportation	1,074,196	-	-
Community services	45,703	-	-
Cost of food sales	-	-	-
Employee benefits	10,070,199	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Debt service			
Principal	2,061,094	-	-
Interest	356,635	611 210	-
Capital outlay	 	 611,210	 -
Total Expenditures	 45,726,533	 611,210	 992,161
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	877,488	(611 210)	(53,354)
Over Experialtures	 077,400	 (611,210)	 (55,554)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		. ====	
Transfers in	- (4.750.054)	1,700,000	53,354
Transfers out	 (1,753,354)	 _	 -
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	 (1,753,354)	 1,700,000	 53,354
Net Change in Fund Balances	(875,866)	1,088,790	-
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	8,254,045	 27,605	 _
End of Year	\$ 7,378,179	\$ 1,116,395	\$ _

Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - - 30 7,210 159,631 422,603	\$ 35,967,062 2,412,140 734,550 1,313,748 183,665 5,671,417 885,722 422,603 541,395
589,474	48,132,302
623,529 - 3,200	4,851,433 28,259,434 1,074,196 45,703 623,529 10,070,199 3,200
- - -	2,061,094 356,635 611,210
626,729	47,956,633
(37,255)	175,669
<u>-</u>	1,753,354 (1,753,354)
_	-
(37,255)	175,669
217,206	8,498,856
\$ 179,951	\$ 8,674,525

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		175,669
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense		617,063 (2,472,703)
		(1,855,640)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Principal paid on serial bonds		1,864,145
Principal paid on energy performance contract debt Amortization of loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium		196,949 (34,700)
		2,026,394
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest		4,107
Compensated absences Pension assets (liability)		(14,572) (2,618,035)
Other post employment benefit obligations		(4,470,078)
		(7,098,578)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(6,752,155)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property State aid Federal aid	\$ 35,967,062 2,408,242 550,000 1,073,000 177,000 6,216,584 30,000	\$ 35,967,062 2,408,242 550,000 1,073,000 177,000 6,216,584 30,000	\$ 35,967,062 2,412,140 734,550 1,313,748 183,635 5,449,562 85,483	\$ - 3,898 184,550 240,748 6,635 (767,022) 55,483
Miscellaneous	61,000	61,000	457,841	396,841
Total Revenues	46,482,888	46,482,888	46,604,021	121,133
EXPENDITURES Current				
General support Instruction Pupil transportation	5,028,766 27,538,848 1,343,850	5,229,282 27,487,443 1,345,590	4,851,433 27,267,273 1,074,196	377,849 220,170 271,394
Community services Employee benefits Debt service	10,112,907	45,703 10,156,044	45,703 10,070,199	85,845
Principal Interest	2,061,095 356,637	2,061,094 356,635	2,061,094 356,635	
Total Expenditures	46,442,103	46,681,791	45,726,533	955,258
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	40,785	(198,903)	877,488	1,076,391
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(135,000)	(1,853,354)	(1,753,354)	100,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(94,215)	(2,052,257)	(875,866)	1,176,391
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	94,215	2,052,257	8,254,045	6,201,788
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,378,179	\$ 7,378,179

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2020

	Agency	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$ 34,99 6,20	
Total Assets	41,19	98
LIABILITIES Employee payroll deductions	\$ 6,20 34,93	
Total Liabilities	\$ 41,1	98_

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, was established in 1829 and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the School District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Southern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating district's governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by resident public school enrollment as defined by Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statement can be requested from Southern Westchester BOCES, 17 Berkley Drive, Rye Brook, New York 10573.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the School District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue fund of the School District is as follows -

Special Aid Fund - The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal, State or local funds. The major revenues of this fund are Federal and State aid.

The following represents the School District's non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the breakfast and lunch programs of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Among the activities included in the Agency Fund are the student activity funds. The Agency Fund is also utilized to account for payroll tax withholdings that are payable to other jurisdictions.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The School District follows the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

The School District also participates in the New York Liquid Assets Fund ("NYLAF"), a cooperative investment pool, established pursuant to Articles 3A and 5G of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. The sponsoring agency of the pool is another governmental unit, which acting through the fiscal officer, is primarily responsible for executing the provisions of the cooperative agreement. NYLAF has designated RBC Global Asset Management, Inc. as its registered investment advisor.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies. The amounts represent the amortized cost of the cooperative shares and are considered to approximate fair value. The School District's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

NYLAF is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's Rating Service. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principal. The pools invest in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts in the State.

Additional information concerning the NYLAF is presented in the annual report, which may be obtained from the Governing Board c/o PMA Financial Network, 2135 City Gate Lane, 7th Floor, Naperville, IL 60563.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the School District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2020.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The School District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Property Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are levied and payable in September and January. The Town of Greenburgh, New York ("Town") is responsible for the billing and collection of the taxes. The Town guarantees the full payment of the School District warrant and assumes responsibility for uncollected taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2020, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Inventories - Inventories in the School Lunch Fund consist of surplus food, at a stated value which approximates market. These inventories consist primarily of items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual inventory items are received. The School District uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. In the fund financial statements, reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress is are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years		
Buildings and Improvements	20-50		
Land Improvements	20-30		
Machinery and Equipment	5-20		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$112,578 for aid received in advance in the Special Aid Fund and \$33,139 in the School Lunch Fund for meal purchases paid in advance. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been reported on the district-wide Statement of Net Position for the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System New York State Teachers' Retirement System Other post employment benefits Deferred loss on refunding bonds	\$ 1,556,812 10,919,282 4,031,256 23,929	\$ 63,638 4,974,685 5,780,635
	\$ 16,531,279	\$ 10,818,958

The amount reported for the deferred loss on refunding bonds results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is being deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to the School District's pension and other post employments benefit obligations are detailed in Note 3D.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-Term Liabilities - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, tax certiorari, unemployment benefits, ERS retirement contributions, TRS retirement contributions, debt service, future capital projects and special purposes. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Board of Education for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Assistant Superintendent for Business for amounts assigned as encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, particularly given the significant social and economic disruptions and uncertainties associated with the ongoing COVID-19 ("Coronavirus") pandemic and the mitigation responses, and such differences may be material. (See Note 4B).

H. Subsequent Event Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is September 30, 2020.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- b) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- d) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- e) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General Fund.
- g) The budget for the General Fund is legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the Special Aid, School Lunch or Special Purpose funds.
- h) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount of fund balance to 4% of the ensuing year's budget. The School District is currently in excess of this limit.

C. Property Tax Limitation

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes that a school district may levy. Prior to its enactment, there was no statutory limitation on the amount of real property taxes that a school district could levy if its budget had been approved by a simple majority of its voters. In the event the budget had been defeated by the voters, the school district was required to adopt a contingency budget. Under a contingency budget, school budget increases were limited to the lesser of 4% of the prior year's budget or 120% of the consumer price index ("CPI").

Under the Tax Levy Limitation Law, there is now a limitation on the amount of tax levy growth from one fiscal year to the next. Such limitation is the lesser of (i) 2% or (ii) the annual percentage increase in the CPI subject to certain exclusions. A budget with a tax levy that does not exceed such limit will require approval of at least 50% of the voters. Approval by at least 60% of the voters will be required for a budget with a tax levy in excess of the limit. In the event the voters reject budget, the tax levy for the school district's budget for the ensuing fiscal year may not exceed the amount of the tax levy limitation from a prior year.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits certain significant exclusions to the tax levy limit for school district. These include taxes to pay the local share of debt service on bonds or notes issued to finance voter approved capital expenditures and the refinancing or refunding of such bonds or notes, certain pension cost increases, and other items enumerated in the Tax Levy Limitation Law. However, such exclusion does not apply to taxes to pay the debt service on tax anticipation

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

notes, revenue anticipation notes, budget notes and deficiency notes, and any obligations issued to finance deficits and certain judgments, including tax certiorari refund payments.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Fund	 Due From	Due To
General Capital Projects Special Aid Non-Major Governmental	\$ 1,062,231 1,700,000 - 137,207	\$ 1,837,207 472,620 589,611
	\$ 2,899,438	\$ 2,899,438

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class	 Balance July 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2020		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-Progress	\$ 85,950	\$	609,898	\$		\$ 85,950 609,898		
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 85,950	\$	609,898	\$	-	\$ 695,848		
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ 60,334,282 3,631,895 2,310,041	\$	- - 7,165	\$	186,657 29,212 1,179,604	\$ 60,147,625 3,602,683 1,137,602		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	66,276,218		7,165	_	1,395,473	64,887,910		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Building and Improvements Land Improvements Machinery and Equipment	20,193,624 182,134 1,263,542	MINIST -	1,842,161 173,210 457,332		186,657 29,212 1,179,604	21,849,128 326,132 541,270		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 21,639,300		2,472,703		1,395,473	22,716,530		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 44,636,918	\$	(2,465,538)	\$	-	\$ 42,171,380		
Capital Assets, net	\$ 44,722,868	\$	(1,855,640)	\$		\$ 42,867,228		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support Instruction	\$ 1,330,874 1,141,829
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,472,703

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	 General Fund	 ecial Fund	 Total
Payroll and employee benefits	\$ 26,017	\$ 642	\$ 26,659

D. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance July 1, 2019	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One-Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable Plus	\$ 15,499,145	\$ -	\$ 1,864,145	\$ 13,635,000	\$ 1,890,000
Unamortized premium on bonds	76,260	_	61,011	15,249	
	15,575,405		1,925,156	13,650,249	1,890,000
Energy Performance Contract					
Debt Payable Other Non-current Liabilities:	606,009		196,949	409,060	201,960
Compensated Absences	289,091	43,572	29,000	303,663	30,000
Net Pension Liability Other Post Employment Benefit	648,320	1,699,976	-	2,348,296	-
Obligations	68,227,648	9,465,051	1,471,442	76,221,257	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	69,165,059	11,208,599	1,500,442	78,873,216	30,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 85,346,473	\$ 11,208,599	\$ 3,622,547	\$ 92,932,525	\$ 2,121,960

The School District's indebtedness for general obligation bonds payable, energy performance contract debt payable, compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations is satisfied by the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligations bonds payable at June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	 Original Issue Amount	-	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at June 30, 2019
Refunding Bonds District-Wide Reconstruction	2010 2018	\$ 14,815,000 14,269,145		June, 2021 June, 2033	2.00 - 3.00 % 2.00 - 3.00 %	\$ 965,000 12,670,000
						\$ 13,635,000

Interest expenditures of \$341,216 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$375,150 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Energy Performance Contract Debt Payable

The School District, in a prior fiscal year, entered into an energy performance contract agreement for \$2,655,000. The agreement provides for annual payments of \$212,368 including interest at 3.96%, through November 2021. The balance due at June 30, 2020 was \$409,060. Interest expenditures of \$15,419 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$12,078 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded and energy performance contract debt as of June 30, 2020 including interest payments of \$2,025,691 are as follows:

	General (Oblig	ation	Energy							
Ending	Boi	nds		Performano	e Co	ontract		Total			
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Principal		nterest		Principal	_	Interest	
2021	\$ 1,890,000	\$	294,125	\$ 201,960	\$	10,408	\$	2,091,960	\$	304,533	
2022	945,000		260,950	207,100		5,270		1,152,100		266,220	
2023	960,000		241,900	-		-		960,000		241,900	
2024	975,000		222,550	-		-		975,000		222,550	
2025	995,000		202,850	-		-		995,000		202,850	
2026-2030	5,270,000		695,238	-		-		5,270,000		695,238	
2031-2033	2,600,000		92,400	-				2,600,000		92,400	
	\$ 13,635,000	\$	2,010,013	\$ 409,060	\$	15,678	\$	14,044,060	\$	2,025,691	

The above general obligation bonds and energy performance contract debt are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, upon separation of service, the School District is required to compensate administrators, clerical staff and custodians for unused vacation time. For all other employees, vacation time is generally taken in the year earned. The School District is not required to compensate employees for accumulated sick leave, except for teachers, who get paid at a rate of \$40 per day for unused sick days. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

Pension Plan

New York State and Local Retirement System and Teachers' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The School District also participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

ERS and TRS are noncontributory for employees who joined the systems before July 27, 1976. Employees who joined the systems after July 27, 1976 and before January 1, 2010 contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined the systems after January 1, 2010 generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rates for the plans' year ending in 2020 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	4 A15	16.2 %
	5 A15	13.5
	6 A15	9.7
TRS	1-6	8.86 %

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for ERS and TRS:

		ERS	TRS				
Measurement date	Ма	irch 31, 2020	,	June 30, 2019			
Net pension liability (asset) School Districts' proportion of the	\$	2,348,296	\$	(3,454,456)			
net pension liability (asset) Change in proportion since the		0.0088680 %		0.132966 %			
prior measurement date		(0.0002822) %		0.002979 %			

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) were determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability for ERS was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset for TRS was based on the School District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating members.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense in the district-wide financial statements of \$5,042,124 (\$833,921 for ERS and \$4,208,203 for TRS). Pension expenditures for ERS of \$379,705 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Pension expenditures for TRS of \$2,044,384 was reported in the fund financial statements and were charged to the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ERS					TRS			
		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	0	f Resources	of	Resources	_ 0	f Resources	01	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	138,207 47,284	\$	- 40,829	\$	2,340,996 6,525,929	\$	256,880 1,591,206	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,203,851		-		-		2,770,295	
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions School District contributions subsequent to		68,703		22,809		2,030		356,304	
the measurement date		98,767		-		2,050,327			
	\$	1,556,812	\$	63,638	\$	10,919,282	\$	4,974,685	
		Tot	al						
		Deferred		Deferred					
	O [†]	Outflows f Resources	of	Inflows Resources					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,479,203	\$	256,880					
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		6,573,213		1,632,035					
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		1,203,851		2,770,295					
School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		70,733		379,113					
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,149,094	_	MA .					
	\$	12,476,094	\$	5,038,323					

\$98,767 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2020. The \$2,050,327 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to TRS will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the plan's year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and TRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Marc	ch 31,	June 30,
Year Ended	E	RS	TRS
2020	\$	-	\$ 1,490,184
2021	2	50,265	26,506
2022	3	53,909	1,484,519
2023	4	39,175	964,444
2024	3	51,058	76,725
Thereafter		-	(148,108)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The total pension liability for the ERS and TRS measurement dates were determined by using actuarial valuation dates as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to those measurement dates. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Investment rate of return	6.8% *	7.10% *
Salary scale	4.2%	1.90%-4.72%
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.20%
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.3%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on the ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the ERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015. The actuarial assumptions used in the TRS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

	ERS		TRS		
	March 3	31, 2020	June 30, 2019		
		Long-Term		Long-Term	
		Expected		Expected	
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate	
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return	
Domestic Equity	36 %	4.05 %	33 %	6.3 %	
International Equity	14	6.15	16	7.8	
Private Equity	10	6.75	8	9.9	
Real Estate	10	4.95	11	4.6	
Domestic Fixed Income Securities	-	-	16	1.3	
Global Fixed Income Securities	-	-	2	0.9	
High Yield Fixed Income Securities	-	-	1	3.6	
Global Equities	-	-	4	7.2	
Private Debt	-	-	1	6.5	
Real Estate Debt	-	-	7	2.9	
Absolute Return Strategies	2	3.25	-	-	
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	4.65	-	-	
Real Assets	3	5.95	-	-	
Bonds and Mortgages	17	0.08	-	-	
Cash	1	-	1	0.3	
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4	0.50		-	
	100 %		100%		

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.1% for TRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.8% for ERS and 6.1% for TRS) or 1 percentage point higher (7.8% for ERS and 8.1% for TRS) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(5.8%)	(6.8%)	(7.8%)
School District's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,309,787	\$ 2,348,296	\$ 541,755
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(6.10%)	(7.10%)	(8.10%)
School District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 15,593,052	\$ (3,454,456)	\$ (19,433,165)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2020 ERS measurement date and the June 30, 2019 TRS measurement date were as follows:

	ERS		 TRS	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	194,596,261,000 168,115,682,000	\$ 119,879,473,882 122,477,480,654	
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$	26,480,579,000	\$ (2,598,006,772)	
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		86.39%	102.17%	

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

Employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 are paid to TRS in the following fiscal year through a state aid intercept or, if state aid is insufficient, through a payment by the School District to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate plus employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to TRS.

Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 were \$98,767 to ERS and \$2,221,441 to TRS (including employee contributions of \$171,114).

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The School District can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending upon salary and the School District will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	186
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	262
	448

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$76,221,257 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	2.60%
Discount rate	2.21%
Inflation	2.60%
Health care cost trend rates	6.6% in 2020 decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.1% over 56 years
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Varies from 12% to 50%, depending on applicable retirement year and bargaining unit

The discount rate was based on yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/A or higher.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2017, with mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The School District's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 68,227,648
Service cost	3,841,167
Interest	2,496,880
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,556,914
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(1,429,910)
Benefit payments	 (1,471,442)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 76,221,257

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	,	Assumption	Increase
	 (1.21%)		(2.21%)	(3.21%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 91,437,366	\$	76,221,257	\$ 64,237,171

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.5% decreasing to 3.1%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.6% decreasing to 6.1%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rates	Increase
	(5.5% decreasing	(6.6% decreasing	(7.6% decreasing
	to 3.1%)	to 4.1%)	to 6.1%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 61,618,551	\$ 76,221,257	\$ 95,885,351

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$5,941,520 in the district-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ 4,031,256 	\$ - 5,780,635
	\$ 4,031,256	\$ 5,780,635

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	-	
2021	\$	(396,527)
2022		(396,527)
2023		(396,527)
2024		(396,527)
2025		(396,527)
Thereafter		233,256

F. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

	Transfe	Transfer In		
	Capital	Capital		
	Projects	Special		
Transfers Out	Fund	Aid Fund	Total	
General Fund	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 53,354	\$ 1,753,354	

Transfers are used to move funds earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Special Aid and Capital Projects funds expenditures.

G. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Tax Certiorari - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with the Education Law of the State of New York to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Restricted for Unemployment Benefits - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for specific purposes in accordance with Section 6-m of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York

Restricted for ERS Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for ERS retirement costs in accordance with Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for TRS Retirement Contributions – the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for TRS retirement costs in accordance with Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Future Capital Projects - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used to finance all or part of the construction or acquisition of a specific type of improvement in accordance with Section 6-c of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

H. Fund Balances

		20	20				2019		
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Special Aid Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:			_	_				_	
Prepaid expenditures Inventories	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - 10,134	\$ - 10,134	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 13,500 	\$ - 7,121	\$ 13,500 7,121
			10,134	10,134			13,500	7,121	20,621
Restricted:									
Tax certiorari	3,925,807	-	-	3,925,807	4,073,084	-	-	-	4,073,084
Unemployment benefits	123,083	-	-	123,083	123,083	-	-	-	123,083
Employee benefit accrued liability	86,788	-	-	86,788	97,553	-	-	-	97,553
ERS retirement contributions	676,944	-	-	676,944	676,944	-	-	-	676,944
TRS retirement contributions	50,000	-	-	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Debt service	406,679	-	-	406,679	406,679	-	-	-	406,679
Future capital projects	52,493	-	-	52,493	1,752,493	-	-	-	1,752,493
Capital projects	-	1,116,395	-	1,116,395	-	27,605	-	-	27,605
Special purposes			45,212	45,212	_			48,382	48,382
Total Restricted	5,321,794	1,116,395	45,212	6,483,401	7,179,836	27,605		48,382	7,255,823
Assigned:									
Purchases on order:									
General support	7,685	-	-	7,685	16,654	-	-	_	16,65 4
Instruction	38,950	_		38,950	77,561	_			77,561
	46,635	-	-	46,635	94,215	-	-	-	94,215
School Lunch Fund			124,605	124,605				161,703	161,703
Total Assigned	46,635	_	124,605	171,240	94,215			161,703	255,918
Unassigned	2,009,750			2,009,750	979,994		(13,500)		966,494
Total Fund Balance	\$ 7,378,179	\$ 1,116,395	\$ 179,951	\$ 8,674,525	\$ 8,254,045	\$ 27,605	\$ -	\$ 217,206	\$ 8,498,856

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Inventories in the School Lunch Fund have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the School District anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability - the component of fund balance that has been restricted pursuant to the General Municipal Law of the State of New York to provide funds for the payment of unused sick time and other forms of payment for accrued leave time granted upon termination or separation from service.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the School District's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Assigned for School Lunch represents the component of fund balance that reports the difference between the assets and liabilities of the School Lunch Fund.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which may require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

The School District is a defendant in actions in which, parents are seeking reimbursement for tuition paid by them to private schools where they have unilaterally placed (enrolled) their children. If the parents' were successful in the claim, they could receive reimbursement for both tuition and attorney's fees. The School District vigorously contests any liability for these claims.

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

Coronavirus

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic as a result of the spread of Coronavirus. This was followed by the President of the United States declaring the outbreak of Coronavirus a national emergency on March 13, 2020.

Preceding these announcements, the Governor of the State of New York declared a state of emergency on March 7, 2020 and has since issued multiple Executive Orders regarding the pandemic. Furthermore, the Enacted 2020-21 New York State budget granted the Budget Director the authority to reduce state aid payments to local governments and school districts by any amount needed to achieve a balanced budget. The Budget Director is authorized, under Section 1(f) of Chapter 53 of the Laws of 2020, to withhold all or some of specific local aid payments during state fiscal year 2020-21, that began on April 1, 2020, if the budget is deemed unbalanced and if the Budget Director further determines that such withholding is necessary to respond to the direct and indirect economic financial and social effects of the Coronavirus pandemic ("Reduction Authority").

The ultimate size of any permanent reductions would depend in part on the availability of unrestricted Federal aid. The Federal government has not reached a consensus on additional recovery legislation at this time. Therefore, in the interim, without assurance of Federal aid, New York State has begun withholding a minimum of 20% of most municipal and school district aid payments to achieve the cash flow savings anticipated in the Executive Budget Financial Plan as updated for the Governor's amendments and forecast revisions pursuant to the Reduction Authority. Such measures have already impacted the state aid revenues reported by the School District for the year ended June 30, 2020.

In addition to these New York State actions, the School District's economically sensitive revenues (i.e., sales tax distributions, interest earnings, charges for services) are being negatively impacted. Meanwhile, the School District's expenditures on health and safety measures (personal protective equipment, sanitizing supplies, custodial overtime, technology acquisitions to support remote work and remote learning, additional bus runs to lower capacity) will increase significantly.

The outbreak of the Coronavirus and the dramatic steps taken by the Federal government and New York State to address it will continue to negatively affect New York State and its local economies. The full impact of the Coronavirus on New York State's operations and financial condition is not expected to be known for some time. Similarly, the degree of the impact on the School District's future operations and finances as a result of the Coronavirus is extremely difficult to predict due to uncertainties relating to its duration and severity, as well as with regard to what actions may be taken by governmental and other health care authorities, including New York State, to contain or mitigate its effects. The spread of the outbreak or reemergence later in the year could have a material adverse financial effect on New York State and local municipalities, including the School District. The School District is continuously monitoring the situation and will take such proactive measures as may be required to maintain operations and meet its obligations. Given this level of uncertainty, management cannot reasonably estimate the actual impact on the School District's future financial position at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2020

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

C. Risk Management

The School District and other school districts have formed a reciprocal insurance company to be owned by these districts. This Company operates under an agreement effective July 1, 1989. The purpose of the Company is to provide general liability, auto liability, all risk building and contents and auto physical damage coverage. In addition, as part of the reciprocal program, excess insurance, school board legal liability, equipment floaters, boilers and machinery and crime and bond coverages will be purchased from commercial carriers and be available to the subscriber districts. The Company retains a management company which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is managed by a Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact, which is comprised of employees of the subscriber districts. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Company is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the Company and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the Company are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscriber districts are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The School District purchases various insurance coverages from the Company to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains a general liability insurance policy with coverage up to \$1 million. The School District maintains liability coverage for school board members up to \$1 million. The School District also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$20 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County, participate in the Southern Westchester Schools Cooperative Self-Insurance Plan for Workers' Compensation. The purpose of the Plan is to provide efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration, defense and payment of claims against plan members for workers' compensation and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers' compensation and employers' liability payments. The Plan is managed and governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of a representative from each district. Billings are based upon participants' experience rating. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

The School District and neighboring school districts in Southern Westchester County participate in the State-Wide Schools Cooperative Health Plan. This Plan operates under an agreement, as amended, dated December 12, 1985. The purposes of the Plan are to effect cost savings in members' expenses for health coverage; to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for health coverage; and to provide for such risk management services as may be appropriate to reduce future expense and liability for health coverage. The governance of the Plan shall be in all respects in the hands of the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees shall consist of seven trustees elected by the general membership of the Plan. No action may be taken by the Board of Trustees except by a vote of a majority of the total number of trustees. Billings to participants are based upon coverage provided to each participant's employees. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years (1) (2)

Tabal OPER Calabra	2020		2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$ 3,841,167 2,496,880	\$	3,551,980 2,185,249	\$ 3,448,524 2,059,624
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	4,556,914 (1,429,910 (1,471,442)		(6,050,798) (1,485,862)	 14,992 - (1,393,074)
	7,993,609		(1,799,431)	4,130,066
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	68,227,648		70,027,079	 65,897,013 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 76,221,257	<u>\$</u>	68,227,648	\$ 70,027,079
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 24,055,156	\$	22,227,145	\$ 22,227,145
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	316.86%)	306.96%	 315.05%

Notes to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".
(2) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay

⁽³⁾ Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

Required Supplementary Information New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (2)												
Cohool Districtly association of the not		2020 (5)		2019		2018 (4)		2017 (3)		2016		2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.132966%		0.129987%		0.128823%		0.126673%		0.126494%		0.125329%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(3,454,456)	\$	(2,350,504)	\$	(979,184)	\$	1,356,722	\$	(13,138,707)	\$	(13,960,864)
School District's covered payroll	\$	22,358,254	\$	21,339,605	\$	20,413,236	\$	19,547,640	\$	18,996,389	\$	18,490,015
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		(15.45)%		(11.01)%		(4.80)%		6.94%		(69.16%)		(75.50%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.17%		101.53%		100.66%		99.01%		110.46%		111.48%
Schedule of Contributions												
		Schedule of	Con	ntributions								
		Schedule of 2020	Con	atributions 2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$		Con \$	2019	 \$	2018	 \$	2017	\$	2016 2,592,017	 \$	2015 3,330,067
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	2020		2019	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Contributions in relation to the	\$	2020 2,050,327		2019	\$	2,091,281	\$	2,392,431	\$	2,592,017	\$	3,330,067
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	2020 2,050,327 2,050,327		2019	\$ \$	2,091,281	\$ \$	2,392,431	\$ \$	2,592,017	\$ \$ \$	3,330,067

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2016 measurement date.

⁽⁴⁾ The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.25% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

⁽⁵⁾ The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.25% to 7.1% effective with the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

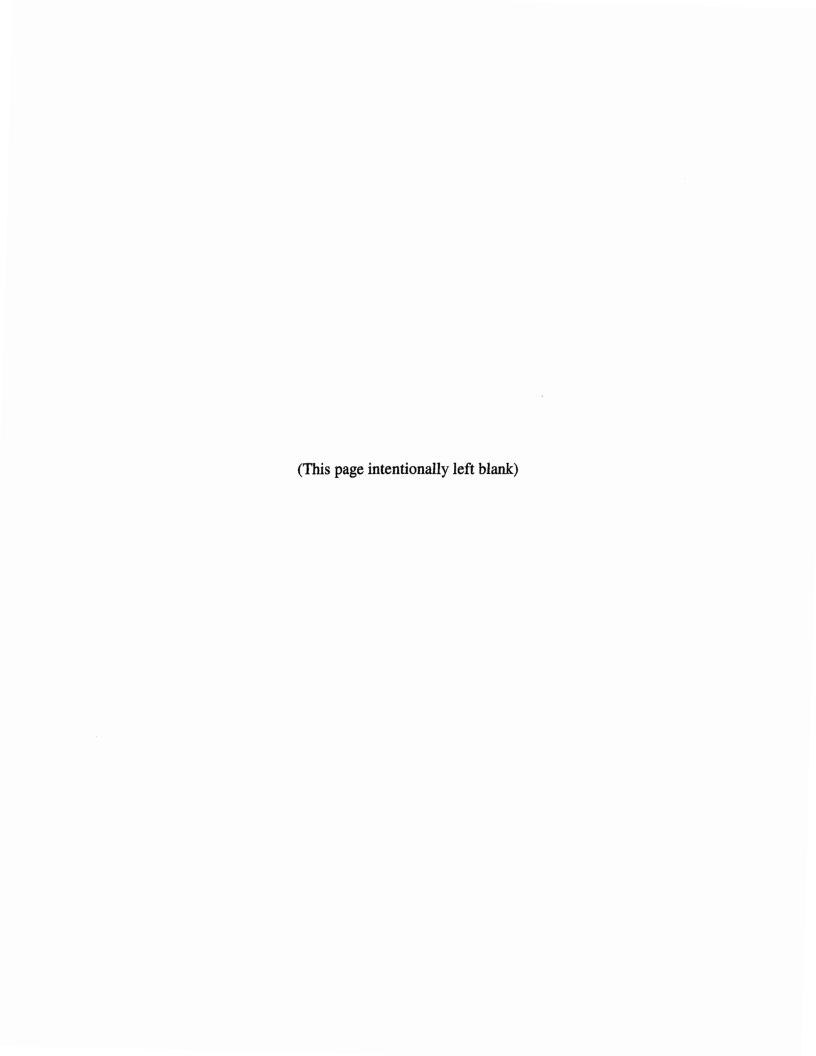
Schedule	of the School District's Pro	portionate Share of	the Net Pension Li	ability (2)		
	2020 (4)	2019	2018	2017	2016 (3)	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0088680%	0.0091502%	0.0094193%	0.0091606%	0.0090176%	0.0092256%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,348,296	\$ 648,320	\$ 304,003	\$ 860,754	\$ 1,447,343	\$ 311,662
School District's covered payroll School District's proportionate share of the	\$ 2,716,945	\$ 2,649,279	\$ 2,702,228	\$ 2,755,750	\$ 2,576,891	\$ 2,577,770
of its covered payroll	86.43%	24.47%	11.25%	31.23%	56.17%	12.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
	Schedu	le of Contributions				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 369,851	\$ 390,167	\$ 413,012	\$ 397,184	\$ 460,524	\$ 521,089
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(369,851)	(390,167)	(413,012)	(397,184)	(460,524)	(521,089)
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -
School District's covered payroll	\$ 2,691,048	\$ 2,705,864	\$ 2,624,512	\$ 2,756,291	\$ 2,630,266	\$ 2,603,190
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.74%	14.42%	15.74%	14.41%	17.51%	20.02%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

⁽⁴⁾ The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2020	2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 5,238,303	\$ 6,000,103
Investments	4,428,405	4,344,827
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	40,257 812,715 418,963 1,062,231	86,175 560,357 230,101 666,973
	2,334,166	1,543,606
Total Assets	\$ 12,000,874	\$ 11,888,536
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to retirement systems Total Liabilities	\$ 403,612 26,017 1,837,207 35,651 2,320,208 4,622,695	\$ 628,333 181,060 220,614 - 2,604,484 3,634,491
Fund balance Restricted Assigned Unassigned	5,321,794 46,635 2,009,750	7,179,836 94,215 979,994
Total Fund Balance	7,378,179	8,254,045
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 12,000,874	\$ 11,888,536

See independent auditors' report.

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

rears crided durie oo,			2020		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	# 35.067.060	¢ 25.067.062	¢ 25.067.062	¢	\$ -
Real property taxes	\$ 35,967,062 2,408,242	\$ 35,967,062 2,408,242	\$ 35,967,062 2,412,140	\$	3,898
Other tax items	550,000	550,000	734,550		184,550
Non-property taxes Charges for services	1,073,000	1,073,000	1,313,748		240,748
Use of money and property	177,000	177,000	183,635		6,635
Sale of property and	177,000	177,000	100,000		5,
compensation for loss	-	-	_		-
State aid	6,216,584	6,216,584	5,449,562		(767,022)
Federal aid	30,000	30,000	85,483		55,483
Miscellaneous	61,000	61,000	457,841		396,841
Total Revenues	46,482,888	46,482,888	46,604,021		121,133
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General support	57.400	70.507	70.000		0.007
Board of education	57,136	73,527	70,900	-	2,627
Central administration	359,091	359,203	359,203	-	-
Finance	575,788	522,155	522,155	2.096	27
Staff	224,558	238,623	235,610 2,897,722	2,986 4,699	367,510
Central services Special items	3,230,163 582,030	3,269,931 765,843	2,897,722 765,843	4,099	367,510
Total General Support	5,028,766	5,229,282	4,851,433	7,685	370,164
Instruction					
Instruction, administration and					
improvement	1,893,666	1,818,433	1,818,412	-	21
Teaching - Regular school	14,894,107	14,764,947	14,675,231	2,500	87,216
Programs for students with					
disabilities	6,467,018	6,612,546	6,528,603	22,500	61,443
Occupational education	51,000	71,202	71,202	-	
Instructional media	1,453,559	1,469,118	1,468,991	-	127
Pupil services	2,779,498	2,751,197	2,704,834	4,175	42,188
Total Instruction	27,538,848	27,487,443	27,267,273	29,175	190,995
Pupil transportation	1,343,850	1,345,590	1,074,196	-	271,394
Community services	-	45,703	45,703	-	-
Employee benefits	10,112,907	10,156,044	10,070,199	9,775	76,070
Debt service					
Principal	2,061,095	2,061,094	2,061,094	-	-
Interest	356,637	356,635	356,635	-	-
Total Expenditures	46,442,103	46,681,791	45,726,533	46,635	908,623
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	40,785	(198,903)	877,488	(46,635)	1,029,756
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(135,000)	(1,853,354)	(1,753,354)		100,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(94,215)	(2,052,257)	(875,866)	\$ (46,635)	\$ 1,129,756
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of Year	94,215	2,052,257	8,254,045		
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,378,179		

 	 	2	2019				
Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	E:	ncumbr- ances	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$ 37,276,560 55,000 500,000 1,048,000 97,000	\$ 34,269,579 3,061,981 500,000 1,048,000 97,000	\$	34,247,034 3,068,547 559,532 1,329,821 311,954	\$		\$	(22,545) 6,566 59,532 281,821 214,954
 5,729,389 30,000 61,000	 5,729,389 30,000 61,000		6,082 4,606,182 91,907 95,600				6,082 (1,123,207) 61,907 34,600
 44,796,949	 44,796,949		44,316,659				(480,290)
48,064 357,315 584,059 196,591 3,209,378 607,321	42,972 362,063 569,343 222,905 3,533,821 832,527		42,972 359,926 569,343 220,393 3,521,814 832,527		2,137 - 2,512 12,005		- - - 2
5,002,728	5,563,631		5,546,975		16,654		2
1,857,545 14,454,423	1,855,735 14,659,748		1,855,735 14,659,420		328		-
6,158,154 50,286 1,830,724 2,616,829	6,111,384 18,090 1,747,069 2,583,032		6,041,201 18,090 1,746,643 2,576,408		70,183 - 426 6,624		
 26,967,961	26,975,058		26,897,497		77,561		-
1,278,178 12,600 9,958,550	1,308,626 9,992,427		1,308,626 - 9,992,427		-		-
 1,792,062 555,234	1,792,062 555,234		1,792,062 555,234		-		-
 45,567,313	 46,187,038		46,092,821		94,215		2
(770,364)	(1,390,089)		(1,776,162)		(94,215)		(480,288)
(135,000)	(49,049)		(49,049)		-		
(905,364)	 (1,439,138)		(1,825,211)	\$	(94,215)	\$	(480,288)
905,364	 1,439,138		10,079,256				
\$ _	\$ 	\$	8,254,045				

General Fund Schedule of Revenues Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020

	_
REAL PROPERTY TAXES \$ 35,967,062 \$ 35,967,062 \$ 35,967,062 \$	
OTHER TAX ITEMS	
School tax relief reimbursement 2,353,242 2,353,242 2,353,242	-
Bisected property taxes	3,898
2,408,242 2,408,242 2,412,140	3,898
NON-PROPERTY TAXES	
Non-property tax distribution from County 550,000 550,000 734,550	84,550
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	
Day school tuition 450,000 450,000 653,064 2	203,064
Other student fees and charges 123,000 123,000 124,702	1,702
Health services for other districts 500,000 500,000 535,982	35,982
1,073,000 1,073,000 1,313,748	240,748
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	
Earnings on investments 150,000 150,000 175,141	25,141
	(16,858)
Commissions 2,000 2,000 352	(1,648)
<u>177,000</u> <u>177,000</u> <u>183,635</u>	6,635

STATE AID				
Basic formula	3,958,272	2,898,383	3,465,642	567,259
BOCES	551,502	551,502	793,056	241,554
Transportation aid	269,601	269,601	-	(269,601)
Lottery aid	16,719	1,052,608	1,035,889	(16,719)
Textbooks	135,710	97,819	93,084	(4,735)
Computer software	-	50,635	50,635	· · · · · ·
Library aid	-	11,256	11,256	-
Tax limitation aid	1,284,780	1,284,780	_	(1,284,780)
	6,216,584	6,216,584	5,449,562	(767,022)
FEDERAL AID				
Medical assistance	30,000	30,000	85,483	55,483
MISCELLANEOUS				
Other	1,000	1,000	25,401	24,401
Gifts and donations	-	-	796	796
Refund for BOCES' aided services	60,000	60,000	60,049	49
Refund of prior year's expenditures		-	371,595	371,595
	04.000	04.000	457.044	200.044
	61,000	61,000	457,841	396,841
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 46,482,888	\$ 46,482,888	\$ 46,604,021	\$ 121,133

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual	Encumbr- ances		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
GENERAL SUPPORT										
BOARD OF EDUCATION										
Board of education	\$	28,675	\$	30,667	\$	30,663	\$	-	\$	4
District clerk		9,531		9,240		9,240		-		-
District meeting		18,930		33,620		30,997				2,623
Total Board of Education		57,136		73,527		70,900				2,627
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION										
Chief school administrator		359,091		359,203		359,203			****	-
FINANCE										
Business administration		424,103		379,552		379,552		-		-
Accounting and auditing		48,700		41,573		41,573		-		-
Treasurer		102,985		101,030		101,030				
Total Finance	•	575,788		522,155		522,155				_
STAFF										
Legal		63,000		64,651		61,638		2,986		27
Personnel		91,370		104,949		104,949		-		-
Public information and services		70,188		69,023		69,023				_
Total Staff		224,558		238,623		235,610		2,986		27

CENTRAL SERVICES					
Operation and maintenance of plant	2,973,113	2,970,757	2,598,548	4,699	367,510
Central printing and mailing	15,750	26,274	26,274	-	-
Central data processing	241,300	272,900	272,900		-
Total Central Services	3,230,163	3,269,931	2,897,722	4,699	367,510
SPECIAL ITEMS					
Unallocated insurance	163,700	180,313	180,313	-	-
Refunds of real property taxes		147,277	147,277	-	-
Assessments on school property	196,500	216,423	216,423	-	-
Administrative charge - BOCES	221,830	221,830	221,830		_
Total Special Items	582,030	765,843	765,843	-	_
Total General Support	5,028,766	5,229,282	4,851,433	7,685	370,164
INSTRUCTION					
INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT					
Curriculum development and supervision	302,055	258,568	258,568	-	<u></u>
Supervision - Regular school	1,434,628	1,437,716	1,437,695	-	21
Research, planning and evaluation	2,300	2,300	2,300	_	-
In-service training - Instruction	154,683	119,849	119,849		***
Total Instruction, Administration					
and Improvement	1,893,666	1,818,433	1,818,412		21_
TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	14,894,107	14,764,947	14,675,231	2,500	87,216
PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES	6,467,018	6,612,546	6,528,603	22,500	61,443
OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION	51,000	71,202	71,202	-	-

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

INSTRUCTION (Continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA					
School library and audiovisual	\$ 335,765	\$ 346,707	\$ 346,707	\$ -	\$ -
Computer assisted instruction	1,117,794	1,122,411	1,122,284	Ψ -	127
Total Instructional Media	1,453,559	1,469,118	1,468,991		127
PUPIL SERVICES					
Guidance - Regular school	809,041	811,693	811,693	-	-
Health services - Regular school	442,560	459,428	454,357	-	5,071
Psychological services - Regular school	773,726	727,251	727,251	-	-
Co-curricular activities - Regular school	237,921	236,706	227,509	-	9,197
Interscholastic athletics - Regular school	516,250	516,119	484,024	4,175	27,920
Total Pupil Services	2,779,498	2,751,197	2,704,834	4,175	42,188
Total Instruction	27,538,848	27,487,443	27,267,273	29,175	190,995
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION					
District transportation services	24,250	23,602	23,551	_	51
Contract and public carrier transportation	1,319,600	1,321,988	1,050,645		271,343
Total Pupil Transportation	1,343,850	1,345,590	1,074,196		271,394
COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Civic activities		45,703	45,703		-

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State retirement	385,281	379,799	379,705	-	94
Teachers' retirement	2,031,565	2,054,047	2,044,384	-	9,663
Social security	1,943,613	1,944,378	1,923,483	-	20,895
Hospital, medical and dental insurance	5,199,663	5,186,705	5,148,417	-	38,288
Unemployment insurance	5,000	35,000	25,225	9,775	-
Workers' compensation benefits	170,741	170,741	170,064	-	677
Union welfare benefits	348,994	350,984	350,984	-	-
Other	28,050	34,390	27,937		6,453
Total Employee Benefits	10,112,907	10,156,044	10,070,199	9,775	76,070
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal					
Serial bonds	1,864,145	1,864,145	1,864,145	-	-
Energy performance contract debt	196,950	196,949	196,949	-	
	2,061,095	2,061,094	2,061,094	_	_
Interest	2,001,000	2,001,004	2,001,004		
Serial bonds	341,217	341,216	341,216	_	-
Energy performance contract debt	15,420	15,419	15,419	_	
	356,637_	356,635	356,635	_	
Total Debt Service	2,417,732	2,417,729	2,417,729		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	46,442,103	46,681,791	45,726,533	46,635	908,623
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out					
Capital Projects Fund	100,000	1,800,000	1,700,000	_	100,000
Special Aid Fund	35,000	53,354	53,354		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	135,000	1,853,354	1,753,354		100,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 46,577,103	\$ 48,535,145	\$ 47,479,887	\$ 46,635	\$ 1,008,623

See independent auditors' report.

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2020		2019	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments State and Federal aid receivable Due from other funds	\$	28,414 10,519 - 1,700,000	\$	35,513 10,411 157,082
Total Assets	\$	1,738,933	\$	203,006
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	149,918 472,620	\$	144,120 31,281
Total Liabilities		622,538	•	175,401
Fund balance Restricted		1,116,395		27,605
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,738,933	\$	203,006

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	 2020	2019			
REVENUES State aid	\$ -	\$	157,082		
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 611,210		540,702		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(611,210)		(383,620)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfer in	1,700,000				
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,088,790		(383,620)		
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 27,605		411,225		
End of Year	\$ 1,116,395	\$	27,605		

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project Through June 30, 2020

		Expenditures and Transfers to Date					
		Prior	Current				
PROJECT	Authorization	Years	Year	Total			
2020 Construction for Buildings (HS/MS) 2020 Construction for Buildings (Elementary) District-Wide Reconstruction 2019 Smart Schools Bond -	\$ 18,020,000 1,957,378 16,019,145	\$ - 15,986,240	\$ 498,333 85,272 27,605	\$ 498,333 85,272 16,013,845			
2010 Official Concols Bond	367,973	157,082		157,082			
	\$ 36,364,496	\$ 16,143,322	\$ 611,210	\$ 16,754,532			

				Method Financ						Fund		
L	Inexpended	 Interfund	F	Proceeds of		State			-	Balance at		
Balance		Transfers		Obligations		Aid	Total			June 30, 2020		
\$	17,521,667	\$ 1,530,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,530,000	\$	1,031,667		
	1,872,106	170,000		_		-		170,000		84,728		
	5,300	1,744,700		14,269,145		-		-		16,013,845		-
	210,891	-		-		157,082		157,082		-		
\$	19,609,964	\$ 3,444,700	_\$_	14,269,145	\$	157,082	\$	17,870,927		\$ 1,116,395		

Special Aid Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2020	2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 97,778	\$ 271,261
Receivables		
Accounts	52,788	43,728
State and Federal aid	 693,820	 541,506
	 746,608	 585,234
Prepaid expenditures		 13,500
Total Assets	\$ 844,386	\$ 869,995
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Accounts payable	\$ 141,555	\$ 29,698
Accrued liabilities	642	756
Due to other funds	589,611	635,692
Unearned revenues	 112,578	 203,849
Total Liabilities	 844,386	869,995
Fund balance (deficit)		
Nonspendable	-	13,500
Unassigned	 _	 (13,500)
Total Fund Balance	 	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 844,386	\$ 869,995

Special Aid Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

		2020		2019
REVENUES				
State aid	\$	214,645	\$	196,194
Federal aid		640,608		530,675
Miscellaneous		83,554		94,984
Total Revenues		938,807		821,853
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction		992,161		870,902
Deficiency of Poyonues				
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(53,354)		(49,049)
·				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in		53,354		49,049
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year				
Find of Voca	¢		æ	
End of Year	Φ		Ψ	_

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for 2019)

				on-Major ental Funds
	School	Special		
	Lunch	Purpose	2020	2019
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 125	\$ 45,212	\$ 45,337	\$ 134,191
Receivables				
Accounts	7,583	-	7,583	-
State and Federal aid	34,685	-	34,685	9,496
Due from other funds	137,207	_	137,207	220,614
	179,475	_	179,475	230,110
Inventories	10,134		10,134	7,121
Total Assets	\$ 189,734	\$ 45,212	\$ 234,946	\$ 371,422
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 21,668	\$ -	\$ 21,668	\$ 136,827
Due to other governments	188	_	188	1,111
Unearned revenues	33,139		33,139	16,278
Total Liabilities	54,995	_	54,995	154,216
Fund halamasa				
Fund balances Nonspendable	10,134		10,134	7,121
Restricted	10,134	- 45,212	45,212	48,382
Assigned	124,605	45,212	124,605	161,703
, toolgilou	124,000		124,000	101,700
Total Fund Balances	134,739	45,212	179,951_	217,206
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 189,734	\$ 45,212	\$ 234,946	\$ 371,422

See independent auditors' report.

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2020
(With Comparative Totals for 2019)

					Total No Governmer	-		
	School		Special					
	 Lunch	F	urpose		2020		2019	
REVENUES								
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	30	\$	30	\$	42	
State aid	7,210		-		7,210		7,624	
	159,631		-		159,631		117,044	
Food sales	422,603		-		422,603		657,565	
Miscellaneous	 _		_			3,093		
Total Revenues	 589,444		30		589,474		785,368	
EXPENDITURES Current								
Cost of food sales	623,529		_		623,529		879,343	
Other			•		3,200	·		
Total Expenditures	 623,529		3,200		626,729		881,643	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(34,085)		(3,170)		(37,255)		(96,275)	
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of Year	 168,824		48,382		217,206		313,481	
End of Year	\$ 134,739	\$	45,212	\$	179,951	\$	217,206	

School Lunch Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	 2020	2019		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 125	\$	85,809_	
Receivables				
Accounts	7,583		_	
State and Federal aid	34,685		9,496	
Due from other funds	 137,207		220,614	
	179,475		230,110	
Inventories	10,134		7,121	
Total Assets	\$ 189,734	\$	323,040	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 21,668	\$	136,827	
Due to other governments	188		1,111	
Unearned revenues	 33,139		16,278	
Total Liabilities	 54,995		154,216	
Fund balance				
Nonspendable	10,134		7,121	
Assigned	 124,605		161,703	
Total Fund Balance	 134,739		168,824	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 189,734	\$	323,040	

School Lunch Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	 2020	 2019
REVENUES		
State aid	\$ 7,210	\$ 7,624
Federal aid	159,631	117,044
Food sales	422,603	657,565
Miscellaneous	 	 3,093
Total Revenues	589,444	785,326
EXPENDITURES Current		
Cost of food sales	 623,529	 879,343
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(34,085)	(94,017)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	168,824	262,841
End of Year	\$ 134,739	\$ 168,824

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2020		 2019
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	45,212	\$ 48,382
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	45,212	\$ 48,382

See independent auditors' report.

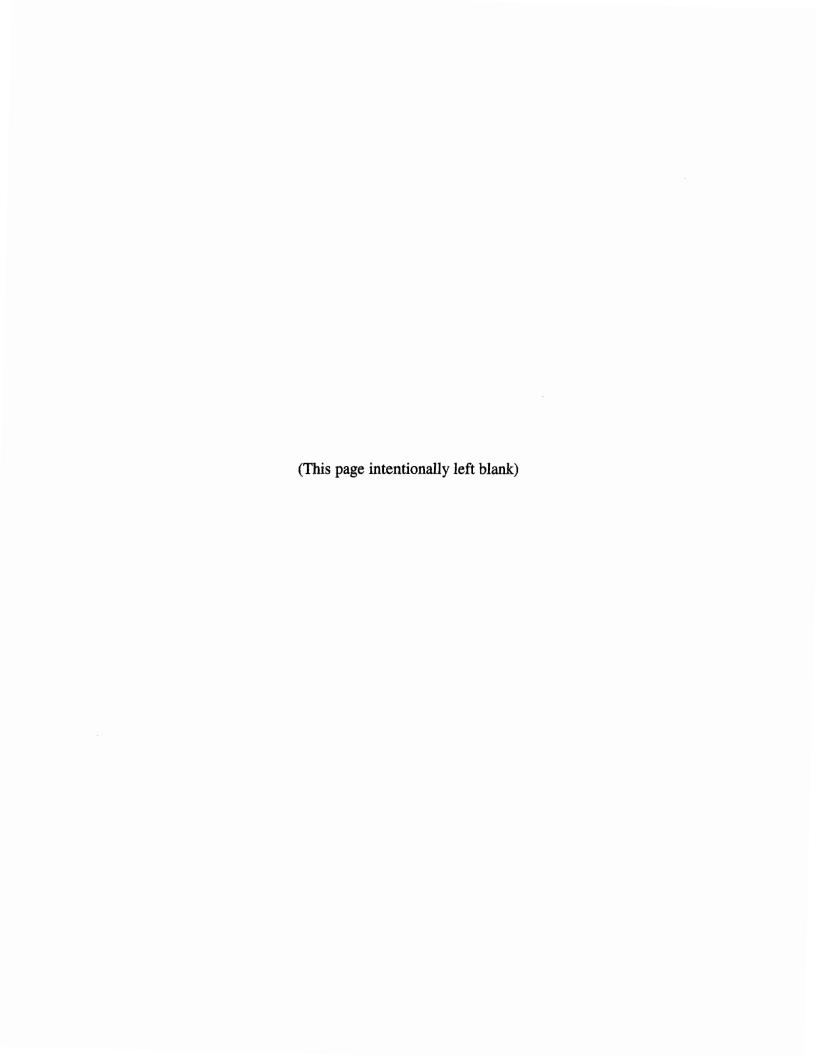
Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	2020			2019		
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	30	\$	42		
EXPENDITURES						
Current Other		3,200		2,300		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(3,170)		(2,258)		
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		48,382		50,640		
End of Year	\$	45,212	\$	48,382		

General Fund Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2020	
Adopted Budget	\$ 46,482,888
Additions Encumbrances	94,215
Original Budget	46,577,103
Budget Amendments	1,958,042
Final Budget	\$ 48,535,145
General Fund Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2020	
2020-2021 Expenditure Budget	\$ 47,065,725
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestricted fund balance	
Assigned fund balance 46,635 Unassigned fund balance 2,009,750	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance2,056,385_	
Less 46,635	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	\$ 2,009,750
Actual Percentage	4.27%

Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital Assets, net		\$ 42,867,228
Less Bonds payable Energy performance contract debt payable Unamortized portion of premium on bonds	(13,635,000) (409,060) (15,249)	(14,059,309)
Plus Unamortized portion of loss on refunding bonds	23,929	 23,929
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 28,831,848



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York September 30, 2020

Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York September 30, 2020

DOBBS FERRY UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title U.S. Department of Agriculture	Federal CFDA Number (1)	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided To Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education				
School Breakfast Program (SBP) National School Lunch Program (NSLP) National School Lunch Program (NSLP) Commodities	10.553 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	\$ - - -	\$ 26,414 98,319 34,898
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				159,631
U.S. Department of Education				
Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education				
Special Education - Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.027 84.173	0033-20-1054 0033-20-1054	<u>-</u>	394,531 9,282
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				403,813
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	0021-19-3645 0021-20-3645		83,097 109,960
				193,057
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0293-19-3645		2,213
			, and the same of	2,213
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367 84.367	0147-19-3645 0147-20-3645		25,300 6,325
				31,625
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424 84.424	0204-19-3645 0204-20-3645	<u> </u>	7,920 1,980
			_	9,900
Total U.S. Department of Education				640,608
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 800,239

⁽¹⁾ Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Dobbs Ferry Union Free School District, New York ("School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. Federal awards received directly from the Federal agencies as well as Federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the Schedule. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

rmanciai Statements			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements aud prepared in accordance with GAAP	dited were	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporti	fied?	YesX_No YesX_None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial noted?	statements	YesX_No	
Federal Awards			
 Internal control over major federal pr Material weakness(es) identi Significant deficiency(ies) ide 	fied?	YesX_No YesX_None reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on co for major federal programs	ompliance	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		YesX_No	
Identification of major federal progra	ms:		
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.027 84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education – Grants to States Special Education – Preschool Grants		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B prograr Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee		\$750,000 YesX_No	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Concluded) Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

No Prior Year Audit Findings.